OVERDOSE RESPONSE CENTER

Delaware Street Drug Report

May 2026

#2026-10

Disclaimer: This report is for risk mitigation and educational purposes only and should not be used for professional or publication use. The data included is from sporadic drug residue testing across various locations in Delaware and should not be over generalized. Stamp names are not universal or consistent in the street supply and are provided here for reference only. The selected stamps below are from samples collected during **April 2026.**

Select Stamps	Compounds Detected						
550	Fentanyl	Procaine	***Tetracaine**				
Benz	4-ANPP	Fentanyl	Lidocaine	***Phenacetin**	Procaine	***Tetracaine**	
Benz	Fentanyl	***Tetracaine**					
CVS	Fentanyl	Medetomidine	***Tetracaine**				
Cakez	4-ANPP	Fentanyl	Mannitol	Medetomidine	Procaine	***Tetramethyl-4-AP**	***Tetramethyl-4-Piperidinol**
Dead Men	Fentanyl	Medetomidine	Procaine	***Tetracaine**			
H2O	Fentanyl	Procaine	***Tetracaine**	***Tetramethyl-4-AP**			
H2O	4-ANPP	Cocaine	Fentanyl	Heroin	Mannitol	***Phenacetin**	*+2 others*
Nike	Fentanyl	Mannitol	Methamphetamine				
Nike	Fentanyl	***Tetracaine**					
RATS	Fentanyl	Mannitol	***Phenacetin**	Procaine	***Tetracaine**	***Tetramethyl-4-AP**	
Red Nike	4-ANPP	Acetaminophen	Fentanyl	Mannitol	Methamphetamine	Procaine	
U-Haul	Benzoylecgonine	Cocaine	Medetomidine				
**Red Bag*	***1-Phenethyl piperidine**	4-ANPP	Acetaminophen	Fentanyl	Mannitol	Procaine	

*Substance Highlight:

Tetracaine

Local anesthetics (commonly Lidocaine, Procaine, and Tetracaine) can increase the severity of other responses to illicit drugs, and at high levels (toxicity) can trigger their own symptoms, like seizures. Tetracaine has a longer duration effect than other local anesthetics and is commonly seen with medetomidine in street drug samples.

Fentanyl Pre-Precursor and Precursor Chemicals

Fentanyl pre-precursor and precursor chemicals (such as Tetramethyl-4-AP, Tetramethyl-4-Piperidinol, and 1-Phenethyl piperidine listed above) are substances used in the chemical synthesis of fentanyl or fentanyl analogues. They are not usually active opioids themselves but can indicate incomplete or rough manufacturing process.

Phenacetin

Phenacetin is commonly used as an adulterant in cocaine and more recently opioid supplies. It is a known carcinogen (proven cause of cancer), is toxic to the kidneys, and can damage the heart, blood, and urinary system.

DELAWARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES
DIVISION OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH

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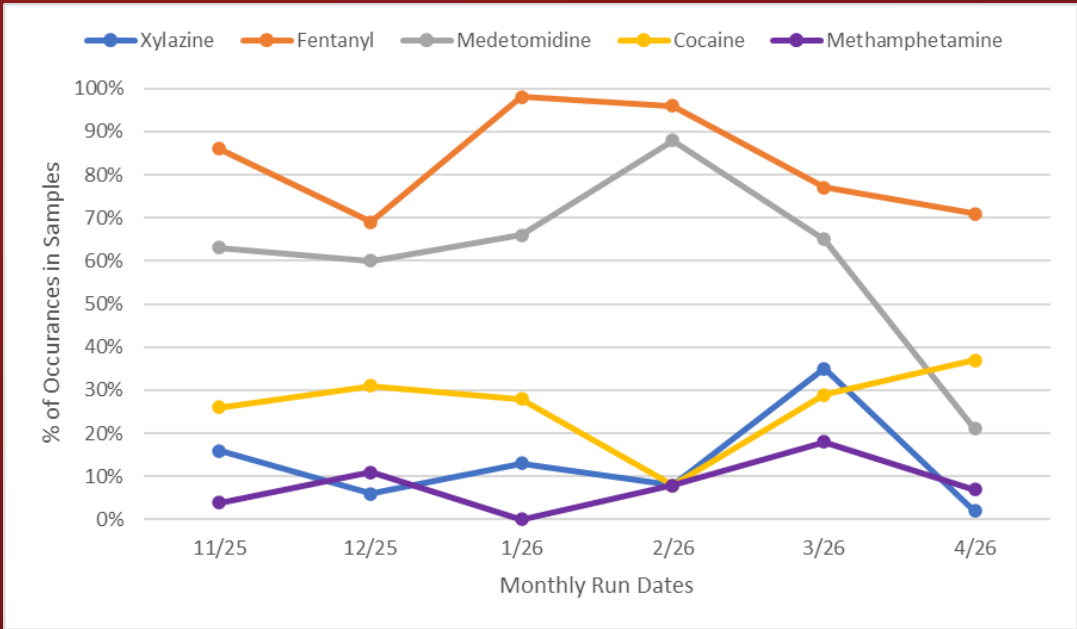
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Trending Substances



- Medetomidine detections declined substantially from March to April, decreasing from 65% to 21%.
- Xylazine returned to more normal detection levels, while tetracaine and procaine detections nearly doubled from March to April (as shown below.)
- This month also marked the highest detection rate for cocaine since July 2025.

Compound Detected	Nov-25 (81 samples)	Dec-25 (35 samples)	Jan-26 (47 samples)	Feb-26 (25 samples)	Mar-26 (17 samples)	Apr-26 (42 samples)
Xylazine	16%	6%	13%	8%	35%	2%
Medetomidine	63%	60%	66%	88%	65%	21%
Fentanyl	86%	69%	98%	96%	77%	71%
Tetracaine	49%	66%	45%	84%	24%	43%
Procaine	48%	57%	49%	84%	24%	45%
Lidocaine	33%	26%	19%	20%	6%	2%
4-ANPP	58%	34%	79%	52%	41%	29%
BTMPS	22%	9%	26%	4%	0%	0%
Fluorofentanyl	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cocaine	26%	31%	28%	8%	29%	37%
Methamphetamine	4%	11%	0%	8%	18%	7%
Pregabalin	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Heroin	19%	6%	36%	4%	0%	2%
Carfentanil	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Quinine	17%	0%	26%	4%	0%	2%
Levamisole	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	2%

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